

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A three-dimensional data processing method comprising:

a first step in which first data showing at least one of a surface shape and taken images of a real existing object is acquired; and

a second step in which a bump map for creating a three-dimensional image of the object is generated based on the first data.

2. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 1, wherein

the first data is shape data showing the surface shape, and

the method further comprises a third step in which a polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape is acquired,

wherein

in the second step, a bump map corresponding to the polygon mesh acquired in the third step is generated.

3. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

the bump map shows amounts of positional changes of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the

polygon mesh with respect to the polygon mesh.

4. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein the bump map shows normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh.

5. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

the bump map shows differences between normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh and normal directions of the polygon mesh.

6. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

in the third step, the polygon mesh is generated based on the shape data.

7. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

in the third step, an input of data for the polygon mesh is received.

8. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

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in the third step, a polygon mesh having one of a vertex number according to information on a specified vertex number and a polygon number according to information on a specified polygon number is generated.

9. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 2, wherein

in the third step, bump texture coordinates which specify a pasting position of the bump map are provided for the respective vertices of the polygon mesh.

10. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 1, wherein

the first data is image data showing the taken images, and

in the second step, by estimating surface reflectance properties of the object based on the image data, the bump map as a component of surface reflectance properties data showing the surface reflectance properties is generated.

11. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 10, wherein

the surface reflectance properties data includes data on constants in a reflection model function and data on normal directions constituting the bump map.

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12. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 10, wherein

the surface reflectance properties data is data specifying a specific reflectance from a reflectance table which shows a series of reflectances corresponding to light source directions and image-taking directions in tangential coordinate systems, and includes data on normal directions forming the bump map.

13. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 10, further comprising:

a third step in which a polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape of the object is acquired, wherein

in the second step, the surface reflectance properties of the object are estimated by using the polygon mesh acquired in the third step and data showing parameters of image-taking of the object.

14. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 10, wherein

in the second step, the bump map is generated so that an area of each texel on the bump map becomes substantially equivalent to an area where one pixel of the image data occupies on a surface of the object.

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15. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

the bump map shows amounts of positional changes of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh with respect to the polygon mesh.

16. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

the bump map shows normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh.

17. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

the bump map shows differences between normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh and normal directions of the polygon mesh.

18. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

in the third step, the polygon mesh is generated based on the image data.

19. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

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in the third step, an input of data for the polygon mesh is received.

20. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

in the third step, a polygon mesh having one of a vertex number according to information on a specified vertex number and polygon number according to information on a specified polygon number is generated.

21. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 13, wherein

in the third step, bump texture coordinates which specify a pasting position of the bump map are provided for the respective vertices of the polygon mesh.

22. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 1, wherein

in the second step, the bump map having a texel number according to information on a specified resolution of the bump map is generated.

23. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 1, wherein

in the second step, the bump map is generated so as to

have a normal distribution satisfying a condition that a rotation of vector value of each texel becomes zero.

24. The three-dimensional data processing method according to Claim 1, further comprising:

an image generating step in which a three-dimensional image of the object is generated by using the bump map generated in the second step, and

an image output step in which the generated three-dimensional image is output.

25. A three-dimensional data processing program which runs on a computer comprising:

a first step in which first data showing at least one of a surface shape and taken images of a real existing object is acquired, and

a second step in which a bump map for creating a three-dimensional image of the object is generated based on the first data.

26. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25, wherein

the first data is shape data showing the surface shape, and

the program further comprises a third step in which a

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polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape is acquired,

wherein

in the second step, a bump map corresponding to the polygon mesh acquired in the third step is generated.

27. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

the bump map shows amounts of positional changes of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh with respect to the polygon mesh.

28. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

the bump map shows normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh.

29. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

the bump map shows differences between normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh and normal directions of the polygon mesh.

30. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein



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in the third step, the polygon mesh is generated based on the shape data.

31. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

in the third step, an input of data for the polygon mesh is received.

32. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

in the third step, a polygon mesh having one of a vertex number according to information on a specified vertex number and polygon number according to information on a specified polygon number is generated.

33. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 26, wherein

in the third step, bump texture coordinates which specify a pasting position of the bump map are provided for the respective vertices of the polygon mesh.

34. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25, wherein

the first data is image data showing the taken images, and

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in the second step, by estimating surface reflectance properties of the object based on the image data, the bump map as a component of surface reflectance properties data showing the surface reflectance properties is generated.

35. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 34, wherein

the surface reflectance properties data includes data on constants in a reflection model function and data on normal direction constituting the bump map.

36. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 34, wherein

the surface reflectance properties data is data specifying a specific reflectance from a reflectance table which shows a series of reflectances corresponding to light source directions and image-taking directions in tangential coordinate systems, and includes data on normal directions constituting the bump map.

37. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 34, further comprising:

a third step in which a polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape of the object is acquired, wherein

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in the second step, surface reflectance properties of the object are estimated by using the polygon mesh acquired in the third step and parameters of image-taking of the object.

38. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 34, wherein

in the second step, the bump map is generated so that an area of each texel on the bump map becomes substantially equivalent to an area where one pixel of the image data occupies on a surface of the object.

39. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

the bump map shows amounts of positional changes of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh with respect to the polygon mesh.

40. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

the bump map shows normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh.

41. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

the bump map shows differences between normal directions

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of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh and normal directions of the polygon mesh.

42. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

in the third step, the polygon mesh is generated based on the image data.

43. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

in the third step, an input of data for the polygon mesh is received.

44. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

in the third step, a polygon mesh having one of a vertex number according to information on a specified vertex and polygon number according to information on a specified polygon number is generated.

45. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 37, wherein

in the third step, bump texture coordinates which specify a pasting position of the bump map are provided for the respective vertices of the polygon mesh.

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46. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25, wherein

in the second step, the bump map having a texel number according to information on a specified resolution of the bump map resolution is generated.

47. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25, wherein

in the second step, the bump map is generated so as to have a normal distribution satisfying a condition that a rotation of vector value of each texel becomes zero.

48. The three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25, further comprising:

an image generating step in which a three-dimensional image of the object is generated by using the bump map generated in the second step, and

an image output step in which the generated three-dimensional image is output.

49. A three-dimensional data processing system comprising:

a computer which executes a three-dimensional data processing program according to Claim 25.

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50. A three-dimensional data processing system comprising:  
a shape data acquiring section which acquires first data that shows at least one of the surface shape and taken images of a real existing object; and  
a bump map generating section which generates a bump map for creating a three-dimensional image of the object based on the first data.

51. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 50, wherein  
the first data is shape data showing the surface shape,  
and the system further comprises a polygon mesh acquiring section which acquires a polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape, wherein  
the bump map generating section generates a bump map corresponding to the polygon mesh acquired by the polygon mesh acquiring section.

52. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein  
the bump map shows amounts of positional changes of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh with respect to the polygon mesh.

53. The three-dimensional data processing system according

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to Claim 51, wherein

the bump map shows normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh.

54. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein

the bump map shows differences between normal directions of respective texels on a texture map to be pasted on the polygon mesh and normal directions of the polygon mesh.

55. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein

the polygon mesh acquiring section generates the polygon mesh based on the shape data.

56. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein

the polygon mesh acquiring section receives an input of data for the polygon mesh.

57. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein

the polygon mesh acquiring section generates a polygon mesh having one of a vertex number according to information on a specified vertex number and polygon number according to

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information on a specified polygon number.

58. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 51, wherein

the polygon mesh acquiring section provides bump texture coordinates which specify a pasting position of the bump map for the respective vertices of the polygon mesh.

59. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 50, wherein

the first data is image data showing the taken images, and

the bump map generating section generates the bump map as a component of surface reflectance properties data showing surface reflectance properties of the object by estimating the surface reflectance properties based on the image data.

60. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 59, wherein

the surface reflectance properties data includes data on constants in a reflection model function and data on normal directions constituting the bump map.

61. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 59, wherein



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the surface reflectance properties data is data specifying a specific reflectance from a reflectance table which shows a series of reflectances corresponding to light source directions and image-taking directions in tangential coordinate systems, and includes data on normal directions constituting the bump map.

62. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 59, wherein

a polygon mesh acquiring section which acquires a polygon mesh showing a simplified shape of the surface shape of the object, and

the bump map generating section estimates the surface reflectance properties of the object by using a polygon mesh acquired by the polygon mesh acquiring section and data showing parameters of image-taking of the object.

63. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Claim 59, wherein

the bump map generating section generates the bump map so that an area of each texel on the bump map becomes substantially equivalent to an area where one pixel of the image data occupies on a surface of the object.

64. The three-dimensional data processing system according

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to Clam 50, wherein

the bump map generating section generates the bump map having a texel number according to information on a specified resolution of the bump map.

65. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Clam 50, wherein

the bump map generating section generates the bump map so as to have a normal distribution satisfying a condition that a rotation of vector value of each texel becomes zero.

66. The three-dimensional data processing system according to Clam 50, further comprising:

an image generating section which generates a three-dimensional image of the object by using the bump map generated by the bump map generating section, and

an image output section which outputs the generated three-dimensional image.